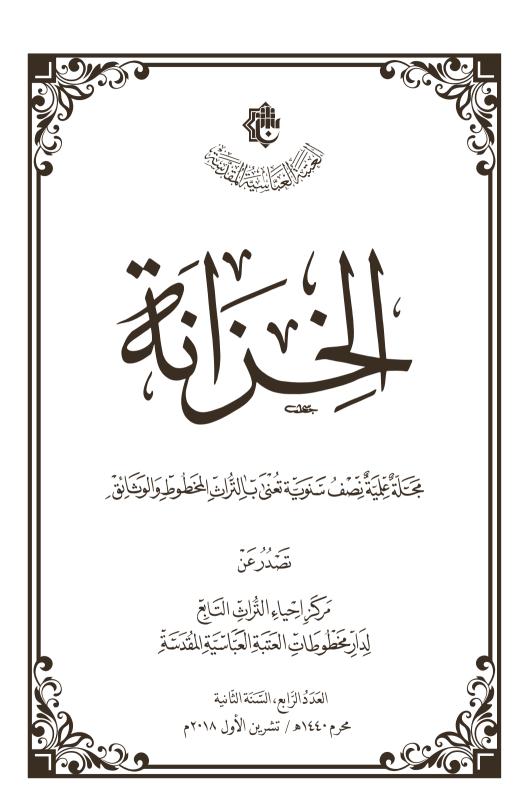
ردمد: ۲۵۲۱ - ۲۵۲۱





جَالَةٌ عِلَيَةٌ نِصَفُ سَنُوبَة تَعُنَى بَالتَّرُكَ المَخَطُوطِ وَالوَكَائِقَ رِ تَصَدُرُ عَنْ مَركَنِ الْحَيَاءِ التُّرُافِ السَّابِعِ لِدَارِ مِخَطُوطِ الْعِ العَبَاسَيَةِ المُقَدَّسَةِ

العَدَدُالرَّابِعِ،السَّنَة الثَّانية، محرم ١٤٤٠هـ/ تشرين الأول ٢٠١٨م





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الترقيم الدولي ردمد: ٤٥٨٦-٢٥٢١

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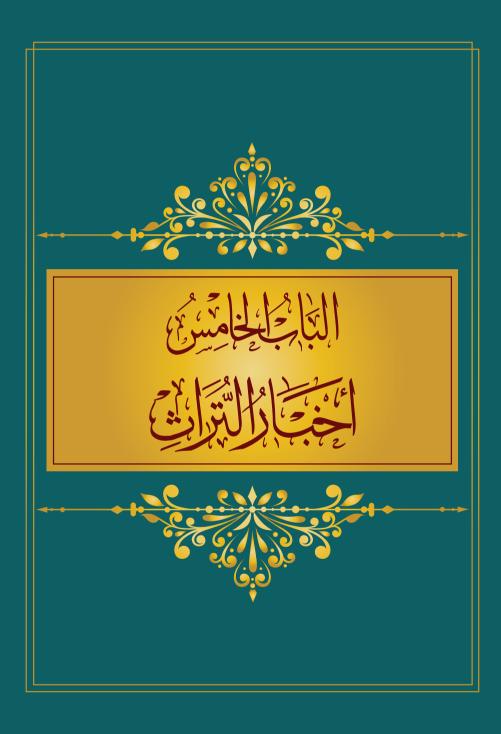
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Evaluation of Conventional Paper Deacidification Processes: An Analytical Study

دراسة تحليلية لتقييم عمليات إزالة الحموضة التقليدية من الورق





Maha A. Ali and Mourad F. Mohamed Conservation Department, Faeulty of Archaeology, Cairo University Egypt.

الدكتورة مها أحمد علي و الدكتور مراد فوزي محمد قسم الترميم - كلية الآثار /جامعة القاهرة



Causes of creating Infidel NIuhadhab
Al-din Al-Basri dead (After 1086 Ah)

Annotator: Ali Falahi Lilab — Ridha

Qulami

Supervisor: Sheik Qais Bahjat Al-Attar

Iran

## Criticism of Heritage works

	Index of Arabic Manuscripts in the	Samih Al-Saed
798	Strasbourg France Library	Heritage Researcher
	Critical Reading	Egypt

## Manuscripts indices and bibliographies of publications

٤٠١	Index of the manuscripts of Dr. Hussein Ali Mahfouz Library endowed to the bookcase of Al- Abbas holy shrine (Section I)	Assistant Lecturer. Mustafa Tariq Eshibali Al- Abbas Holy Shrine Iraq	
٤٦٩	Guide of Texts and Annotated Certificates in Encyclopedias and Books	Haidar Kadhim Al-Jubouri Bibliographic expert researcher Iraq	
٥٣٣	Precious Manuscripts Part of Majma' al-Bayan Lealoum al-Qur'an of Tabarsi Died (548 Ah)	Al saied Jaafar Al Hussainy Al Ashkuari Indexer And Heritage Researcher Iran	

## Heritage News

089	From Heritage News	Editorial Board	







Heritage studies				
۱۷	Imam of Two Mosques Mohammed bin Abdul Wahab Al- Hamdani (1305 AH) (life, works, teachers, certificates)	Sheik Muhammad Lutif Zadah/ Iran Heritage Researcher / Hawza – Najaf Ashraf		
171	Reading in Arabic Heritage Journals Arabic Manuscripts Institute Journal) as an example	Assist Prof Dr. Abbas Hani Al - Jaraj Ministry of Education – Babylon Directorate of Education Iraq		
158	A selection of Ottoman documents on the architecturing of Al-Abbas holy shrine (1304 – 1317 AH/ 1303- 1315 AD)	Hussein Jafar Abdul Hussein Al- Mousawi Al-Abbas holy shrine Iraq		
1\1	Problems of A Shared Annotation	Prof. Dr. Taha Muhsin University of Baghdad / College of Arts Iraq		
15	دراســة تحليلية  لتقييم  عمليات  إزالـة الحموضة التقليدية من الورق	الدكتورة مها أحمد علي و الدكتور مراد فوزي محمد قسم الترميم - كلية الآثار /جامعة القاهرة مصر		

### Reviewed texts

۱۸۹	Letter in Abdullah bin Bukair Written by Mohammed Sadiq bin Mohammed bin Abdul Fattah Al-tankabni	Annotated by Sheikh Shadi Wajih Wahbi Al-Amili/ Lebanon Sheikh Al-Tusi for Studies and Annotation Center/ Al Najaf Al Ashraf
781	Interpreting Hadith "And what you have learned from our virtue is only a tiny thing" Written by the wise and philosopher Al-saayid Murtadha Al-Nunhrui Al-Ghazibori Al hindi Died in 1336 AH	Annotated and commented on by Hasan bin Ali Aal Saed Bahrain

of our scientific institutions, so sometimes the annotation is easy to sum up the refinement of the mentality of a graduate student or researcher, and other times you see it is incurable that cannot be addressed and go into it.

Hence, it is important for those with specialization and knowledge to take a serious stand towards these problems. There must be a logical and scientific assessment of these works, in order to put the dots on letters and try to do so, we will give everyone who is entitled to what he deserves. It is not wrong to overlook or err but it is a shame to continue wrongly and do not listen to the words of reason and logic or listen to a constructive criticism. This heritage is a trust in our necks, and it is not the property of any particular party, but belongs to an entire nation.

Praise be to Allah





where? and where from? and by the hands of whom?

After all, are we able to judge ourselves and our minds, and accept criticism in order to employ them for evaluation and assessment? All these and other questions need to be answered satisfactorily, scientifically and professionally, away from courtesy and favoritism. The annotation of the manuscripts passes in our present time with a real crisis that only those, who live with the manuscript for years, feel it as if it were part of its age and its author or copyist, or a historian an objectifies the circumstances of its composition, and familiar with the surrounding events and facts. This is a fact and a great responsibility that many of our generation do not understand and may not pay attention to some of them in the midst of what you draw him himself, and uttered by the tongues of the titles and words of praise and appreciation if the captive heritage is launched under his/her name. They assume that he/ she is an annotator without knowing or following what he/she has done of a manuscript, with his remoteness from the approach of the author whom Allah only knows how had he suffered in order to narrate these papers and the difficult conditions he had to reach us.

Yes, the response of those who have no knowledge of our written heritage, to annotate under the pretext of reviving the heritage is the most powerful and harmful issue to the author before the annotator. What we see these days of curiosity in the annotation of the manuscripts by some without knowledge of the fundamentals of this science and its tools and without least real desire to learn is the farces that make the bereaved cries.

The lack of a clear vision to the merits of this science, and the failure of the scientific bodies to refine it in accordance with clear visions and the absence of the competent regulatory body, and other reasons cannot be mentioned in this hurry made the dealing with the manuscript a victim of the understanding that swinging between excess and negligence in some



#### **Edition** word

Editor-in-chief

#### Manuscripts Annotation .... To Where?

Praise be to Allah The Lord of the worlds, and Peace and blessings be upon the noblest prophet and messenger our beloved Muhammad and his infallible progeny.

We are not in the process of defining the annotation or the art of annotation - as some like to call it - nor do we probe out its wells or dig in its depths to reveal what is in it.

We got the support of dozens of books that have been written in this area, although they are not without the need for a serious pause of a critical review, but in any case, through this window we try to look at to what had happened to the annotated manuscripts in our time by some (institutions or individuals) following the questionable avenue looking for realistic answers based on authentic and scientific basis to evaluate what permeated positively and negatively in the heritage arena in these years.

So we ask, 'Do we really appreciate the amount of responsibility we have in this area? Or more precisely 'Do we originally have a culture of interest in the manuscript or to know how important it is to keep the heritage of parents and grandparents at the required level and responsibility? Or even, have we tried to turn the pages of history carefully to clarify the sequences of events that characterized this heritage, and how it reached us? and from

fidential assessment of its validity for publication, and shall not be returned to its owners, whether accepted for publication or not, according to the following regulations::

- The researcher or reviewer will be informed of delivering the posted material to be published within a period may not exceed the maximum of two weeks.
- The researchers should be reminded of the publication acceptance of the editorial board within a period may not exceed the maximum of two months.
- The pieces of research, whose evaluators realize that it should be amended or be added to, will be returned to their writers in order to be organized accurately before publication.
- 4. The researchers will be informed if their pieces of research are rejected without mentioning the reasons of rejection.
- 5. Every researcher will be given one copy of the issue in which his research is published, with three separate pieces of research from the same published material and a reward, as well.

#### • The journal considers the following priorities in publication:

- 1. The date of receiving the research by the editor-in-chief.
- 2. The date of presenting the revised pieces of research.
- 3. The variety of the research materials as far as possible.
- The published pieces of research express the opinions of their writers and do not necessarily reflect the opinions of the journal.
- The pieces of research are arranged according to the technical considerations which have nothing to do with the status of the researcher.
- The reviewer or the researcher who is not known for the journal has to send on the journal email, a brief biographical note, his address and email, for the introductory and documentary purposes on the following email: kh@hrc.iq
- Editorial board reserves the right to make the required amendments upon the approved pieces of research for publication.

#### The Publishing Terms

- The journal should publish the scientific pieces of research that are related to the manuscripts and documents, reviewed texts, direct studies, and objective critical follow-ups which are related to it.
- The researcher should commit himself with the requisites of the scientific research and its rules in order to get benefit from its sources, and be within the frame of the Researchers 'style during discussion and criticism. Otherwise, the examined research or the text will contain certain topics that attempt to raise the feeling of sectarianism or even sensitivity towards any belief, ideology, or sect.
- The research should not be published previously or presented to other means of publication. The researcher is responsible for doing an independent commitment.
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- The reviewed research or text should be printed on the A4 type of paper in one copy with a CD. The pages should be numbered successively.
- The research should be presented with its Arabic and English abstracts, each in a separate paper including the title of the research.
- The familiar scientific principles, documentation and references should be taken into account. The documentation should include the name of the source, the number of the part and the page
- The research should be presented with a separate list of references including the
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